

IELTS PEAKING LESSON 1



Part 1 Questions

- Could you tell me your full name please?
- What shall I call you?
- Does your name have any special meaning?
- Why do so many people change their names?
- Is your name important to you?

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Part 2 Questions



- An adventurous person
 - Describe an adventurous person who you know.
- You should say:
- who the person is
 - how you know this person
 - what this person does that is adventurous
 - and explain why you think this person likes to take risks.

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Part 3 Questions



Describe a place you visited recently

- How does tourism affect a country?
 - Does it have some advantages?
 - Can cultures learn from each other?
- Students please do not hesitate to ask your coaches if there are things that you want to be clarified on.
- Teachers, make sure that you have listened carefully to the student's answer. Make immediate corrections on any grammar mistakes committed. As you listen to the student's answer, make sure that you typed the sentences with errors and after the student said his/her answer make room for corrections.

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HOMework



A. Complete these sentences with the most appropriate word or expression from A, B or C.

1. The two machines considerably. One has an electric motor, the other runs on oil.

A. differ B. differentiate C. differential

2. The in weather between the north and the south of the country is very noticeable.

A. comparison B. contrast C. compare

3. Many people cannot between lemon juice and lime juice.

A. differ B. differentiate C. contrast

4. Children must be taught to between right and wrong.

A. differ B. contrast C. distinguish

5. There is a between being interested in politics and joining a political party.

A. distinguish B. distinctive C. distinction

6. Can you tell the between a good boss and a bad one?

A. difference B. differentiate C. contrast

7.The management must not between male and female applicants.
A. differ B. contrast C. discriminate

8.Asia covers a huge area. Europe is very small.
A. By way of contrast B. By ways of comparing C. By similar means

9.The new model of car is very to the old one.
A. same B. similar C. common

10.Her political opinions are to mine.
A. same B. exactly C. identical

11.Some political parties have such similar manifestos that they are difficult to
A. tell apart B. say apart C. speak apart

12.My friends and I enjoy doing many of the same things. In that respect, we have a lot
A. in similar B. in particular C. in common

13.There seems to be a large between the number of people employed in service industries, and those employed in the primary sector.
A. discriminate B. discretion C. discrepancy

14.British and Australian people share the same language, but in other respects they are as different as
A. cats and dogs B. chalk and cheese C. salt and pepper

15.Britain's economy is largely based on its industry, a few hundred years ago it was an agrarian country.
A. wherefore B. whereas C. whereby